BY-LAW NO. 1 A by-law relating generally to the conduct of the affairs of KAWARTHA TURTLE TRAUMA CENTRE (the "Corporation")

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BE IT ENACTED as a by-law of the Corporation as follows:

SECTION 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Definitions

In this by-law and all other by-laws of the Corporation, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "Act" means the *Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act*, S.C. 2009, c. 23, including the Regulations made pursuant to the Act, and any statute or regulations that may be substituted, as amended from time to time;
- (b) "articles" means the original or restated articles of incorporation or articles of amendment, amalgamation, continuance, reorganization, arrangement or revival of the Corporation;
- (c) "board" means the board of directors of the Corporation and "director" means a member of the board;
- (d) "by-law" means this by-law and any other by-law of the Corporation as amended and which are, from time to time, in force and effect;
- (e) "Chair" means the chairperson of the board appointed by the board from time to time;
- (f) "meeting of members" includes an annual meeting of members or a special meeting of members; "special meeting of members" includes a special meeting of all members entitled to vote at an annual meeting of members;
- (g) "ordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by a majority of not less than 50% plus 1 of the votes case on that resolution;
- (h) "proposal" means a proposal submitted by a member of the Corporation that meets the requirements of section 163 (Shareholder Proposals) of the Act;
- (i) "Regulations" means the regulations made under the Act, as amended, restated or in effect from time to time;
- (j) "special resolution" means a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds (2/3) of the votes cast on that resolution; and
- (k) "Vice-Chair" means the vice-chairperson of the board selected from time to time.

1.02 Interpretation

In the interpretation of this by-law and all other by-laws of the Corporation, words in the singular include the plural and vice-versa, words in one gender include all genders, and "person" includes an individual, body corporate, partnership, trust and unincorporated organization.

Other than as specified in 1.01 above, words and expressions defined in the Act have the same meanings when used in these by-laws.

1.03 Corporate Seal

The Corporation may have a corporate seal in the form approved from time to time by the board. If a corporate seal is approved by the board, the secretary of the Corporation shall be the custodian of the corporate seal.

1.04 Execution of Documents

Deeds, transfers, assignments, contracts, obligations and other instruments in writing requiring execution by the Corporation may be signed by any two (2) of its officers or directors. In addition, the board may from time to time direct the manner in which and the person or persons by whom a particular document or type of document shall be executed. All contracts, documents and instruments in writing so signed shall be binding upon the Corporation without any further authorization or formality. Any person authorized to sign any document may affix the corporate seal (if any) to the document. Any signing officer may certify a copy of any instrument, resolution, by-law or other document of the Corporation to be a true copy thereof.

1.05 Financial Year

The financial year end of the Corporation shall be as determined by the board of directors.

1.06 Banking Arrangements

The banking business of the Corporation shall be transacted at such bank, trust company, credit union or other firm or corporation carrying on a banking business in Canada or elsewhere as the board of directors may designate, appoint or authorize from time to time by resolution. The banking business or any part of it shall be transacted by an officer or officers of the Corporation and/or other persons as the board of directors may by resolution from time to time designate, direct or authorize.

1.07 Borrowing Powers

The directors of the Corporation may, without authorization of the members,

- (a) borrow money on the credit of the Corporation;
- (b) issue, reissue, sell, pledge or hypothecate debt obligations of the Corporation;
- (c) give a guarantee on behalf of the Corporation; and
- (d) mortgage, hypothecate, pledge or otherwise create a security interest in all or any property of the Corporation owned or subsequently acquired, to secure any debt obligation of the Corporation.

1.08 Annual Financial Statements

The Corporation may, instead of sending copies of the annual financial statements and other documents referred to in subsection 172(1) (Annual Financial Statements) of the Act to the members, publish or send a notice to its members stating that the annual financial statements and documents provided in subsection 172(1) are available at the registered office of the Corporation and any member may, on request, obtain a copy free of charge at the registered office or by prepaid mail.

SECTION 2 - MEMBERSHIP - MATTERS REQUIRING SPECIAL RESOLUTION

2.01 Membership Conditions

Subject to the articles, there shall be one class of members in the Corporation. Membership in the Corporation shall be available to persons interested in furthering the Corporation's purposes and who have applied for and been accepted into membership in the Corporation by resolution of the board or in such other manner as may be determined by the board.

Each member shall be entitled to receive notice of and attend all meetings of the members of the Corporation.

An individual elected to the board of directors is automatically designated a member of the Corporation as of the date the individual is first elected to the board.

Unless such amendment is otherwise permitted by the Act, a special resolution of the members is required to make any amendment to this Section 2.01.

2.02 Membership Transferability

A membership may only be transferred to the Corporation.

2.03 Notice of Members' Meeting

Except as otherwise permitted by the Act, notice of the time and place of a meeting of members shall be given to the public accountant, if any, to the directors, and to each member entitled to vote at the meeting by one or more of the following means:

- (a) by mail, courier or personal delivery to each member entitled to vote at the meeting, during a period of 21 to 60 days before the day on which the meeting is to be held;
- (b) by telephonic, electronic or other communication facility to each member entitled to vote at the meeting, during a period of 21 to 35 days before the day on which the meeting is to be held;
- (c) by affixing the notice, no later than 30 days before the day on which the meeting is to be held, to a notice board on which information respecting the Corporation's

activities is regularly posted and that is located in a place frequented by members; or

- (d) if the Corporation at any time has more than 250 members, by publication
 - (i) at least once in each of the three weeks immediately before the day on which the meeting is to be held in one or more newspapers circulated in the municipalities in which the majority of the members of the Corporation reside as shown by their addresses in the register of members, or
 - (ii) at least once in a publication of the Corporation that is sent to all its members, during a period of 21 to 60 days before the day on which the meeting is to be held.

Unless such amendment is otherwise permitted by the Act, a special resolution of the members is required to make any amendment to the by-laws of the Corporation to change the manner of giving notice to members entitled to vote at a meeting of members.

2.04 Absentee Voting at Members' Meeting by Mail Ballot or Electronic Ballot

A member entitled to vote at a meeting of members may vote by means of a mailed-in ballot, telephonic, electronic or other communication facility if the Corporation has a system that:

- (a) enables the votes to be gathered in a manner that permits their subsequent verification, and
- (b) permits the tallied votes to be presented to the Corporation without it being possible for the Corporation to identify how each member voted.

Unless such amendment is otherwise permitted by the Act, a special resolution of the members is required to make any amendment to the by-laws of the Corporation to change this method of voting by members not in attendance at a meeting of members.

2.05 Absentee Voting at Members' Meeting by Proxy

A member entitled to vote at a meeting of members may vote by proxy by appointing in writing a proxyholder, and one or more alternate proxyholders, who are required to be members, to attend and act at the meeting in the manner and to the extent authorized by the proxy and with the authority conferred by it subject to the following requirements:

- (a) a proxy is valid only at the meeting in respect of which it is given or at a continuation of that meeting after an adjournment;
- (b) a member may revoke a proxy by depositing an instrument or act in writing executed or, in Quebec, signed by the member or by their agent or mandatory

- (i) at the registered office of the Corporation no later than the last business day preceding the day of the meeting, or the day of the continuation of that meeting after an adjournment of that meeting, at which the proxy is to be used, or
- (ii) with the chairperson of the meeting on the day of the meeting or the day of the continuation of that meeting after an adjournment of that meeting;
- (c) a proxyholder or an alternate proxyholder has the same rights as the member by whom they were appointed, including the right to speak at a meeting of members in respect of any matter, to vote by way of ballot at the meeting, to demand a ballot at the meeting and, except where a proxyholder or an alternate proxyholder has conflicting instructions from more than one member, to vote at the meeting by way of a show of hands;
- (d) if a form of proxy is created by a person other than the member, the form of proxy shall
 - (i) indicate, in bold-face type,
 - (A) the meeting at which it is to be used,
 - (B) that the member may appoint a proxyholder, other than a person designated in the form of proxy, to attend and act on their behalf at the meeting, and
 - (C) instructions on the manner in which the member may appoint the proxyholder,
 - (ii) contain a designated blank space for the date of the signature,
 - (iii) provide a means for the member to designate some other person as proxyholder, if the form of proxy designates a person as proxyholder,
 - (iv) provide a means for the member to specify that the membership registered in its name is to be voted for or against each matter, or group of related matters, identified in the notice of meeting, other than the appointment of a public accountant and the election of directors,
 - (v) provide a means for the member to specify that the membership registered in its name is to be voted or withheld from voting in respect of the appointment of a public accountant or the election of directors, and
 - (vi) state that the membership represented by the proxy is to be voted or withheld from voting, in accordance with the instructions of the member, on any ballot that may be called for and that, if the member specifies a choice under subparagraph (iv) or (v) with respect to any matter to be acted on, the membership is to be voted accordingly;

- (e) a form of proxy may include a statement that, when the proxy is signed, the member confers authority with respect to matters for which a choice is not provided in accordance with subparagraph (d)(iv) only if the form of proxy states, in bold-face type, how the proxyholder is to vote the membership in respect of each matter or group of related matters;
- (f) if a form of proxy is sent in electronic form, the requirements that certain information be set out in bold-face type are satisfied if the information in question is set out in some other manner so as to draw the addressee's attention to the information; and
- (g) a form of proxy that, if signed, has the effect of conferring a discretionary authority in respect of amendments to matters identified in the notice of meeting or other matters that may properly come before the meeting must contain a specific statement to that effect.

Unless such amendment is otherwise permitted by the Act, a special resolution of the members is required to make any amendment to the by-laws of the Corporation to change this method of voting by members not in attendance at a meeting of members.

SECTION 3 - MEMBERSHIP DUES, TERMINATION AND DISCIPLINE

3.01 Membership Dues

Membership fees or dues shall be as fixed from time to time by resolution of the board. Members shall be notified in writing of the membership fees or dues at any time payable by them.

3.02 Termination of Membership

A membership in the Corporation shall be terminated when:

- (a) the member dies, or, in the case of a member that is a corporation, the corporation is dissolved;
- (b) a member fails to maintain any qualifications for membership described in this by-law;
- (c) the member resigns by delivering a written resignation to the Chair or the secretary of the Corporation, in which case such resignation shall be effective on the date specified in the resignation;
- (d) the member is expelled in accordance with Section 3.03 below or is otherwise terminated in accordance with the Corporation's by-laws;
- (e) the member's term of membership expires; or
- (f) the Corporation is liquidated or dissolved under the Act.

Subject to the articles, upon any termination of membership, the rights of the member, including any rights in the property of the Corporation, automatically cease to exist.

3.03 Discipline of Members

The board shall have authority to suspend or expel any member from the Corporation for any one or more of the following grounds:

- (a) violating any provision of the articles, by-laws, or written policies of the Corporation;
- (b) carrying out any conduct which may be detrimental to the Corporation as determined by the board in its sole discretion;
- (c) failing to pay any outstanding membership dues within sixty (60) days of receipt of notice of such outstanding dues;
- (d) for any other reason that the board in its sole and absolute discretion considers to be reasonable, having regard to the purpose of the Corporation.

In the event that the board determines that a member should be expelled or suspended from membership in the Corporation, the Chair, or such other officer as may be designated by the board, shall provide twenty (20) days' notice of suspension or expulsion to the member and shall provide reasons for the proposed suspension or expulsion. The member may make written submissions to the Chair, or such other officer as may be designated by the board, in response to the notice received within such twenty (20) day period. In the event that no written submissions are received by the Chair, the Chair, or such other officer as may be designated by the board, may proceed to notify the member that the member is suspended or expelled from membership in the Corporation. If written submissions are received in accordance with this section, the board will consider such submissions in arriving at a final decision and shall notify the member concerning such final decision within a further twenty (20) days from the date of receipt of the submissions. The board's decision shall be final and binding on the member, without any further right of appeal.

SECTION 4 - MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

4.01 Place of Members' Meeting

Subject to the Act, meetings of the members may be held at any place within Canada determined by the board or, if all of the members entitled to vote at such meeting so agree, outside Canada.

4.02 Persons Entitled to be Present

The only persons entitled to be present at a meeting of members shall be the members entitled to vote at the meeting, the directors and the public accountant of the Corporation and such other persons who are entitled or required under any provision of the Act, articles or by-laws of the Corporation to be present at the meeting. Any other person may be admitted only on the invitation of the chair of the meeting or by resolution of the members.

4.03 Chair of the Meeting

In the event that the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent, the members who are present and entitled to vote at the meeting shall choose one of their number to chair the meeting.

4.04 Quorum

A quorum at any meeting of the members (unless a greater number of members are required to be present by the Act) shall be the lesser of ten (10) members present in person or by proxy entitled to vote and ten percent (10%) of the total number of members entitled to vote at the meeting. If a quorum is present at the opening of a meeting of members, the members present may proceed with the business of the meeting even if a quorum is not present throughout the meeting.

4.05 Votes to Govern

At any meeting of members every question shall, unless otherwise provided by the articles or by-laws or by the Act, or be determined by a majority of the votes cast on the question. Every vote shall be decided by a show of hands unless a poll thereon is required by the chair of the meeting or is demanded by any member present or represented by proxy and entitled to vote at the meeting. In the case of an equality of votes, the chair of the meeting, in addition to an original vote, shall have a second or casting vote.

4.06 Participation by Electronic Means

Subject to the Act, if the Corporation chooses to make available a telephonic, electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during a meeting of members, any person entitled to attend such meeting may participate in the meeting by means of such telephonic, electronic or other communication facility. A person participating in a meeting by such means is deemed to be present at the meeting. Notwithstanding any other provision of this by-law, any person participating in a meeting of members pursuant to this section who is entitled to vote at that meeting may vote, in accordance with the Act, by means of any telephonic, electronic or other communication facility that the Corporation has made available for that purpose.

4.07 Members' Meeting Held Entirely by Electronic Means

If the directors or members of the Corporation call a meeting of members, those directors or members, as the case may be, may determine that the meeting shall be held, in accordance with the Act and the Regulations, entirely by means of a telephonic, electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.

SECTION 5 - DIRECTORS

5.01 Election and Term of Office

Subject to the articles, the members will elect the directors at the first meeting of members and at each succeeding annual meeting at which an election of directors is required. The directors shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring not later than the close of the third annual meeting of members following their election.

5.02 Notice of Directors, Change of Director or Change of Director's Address

The Corporation shall send to Corporations Canada a notice, in the form prescribed, setting out any change among the directors of the Corporation or of the address of a director. The notice shall be sent within fifteen (15) days after the day on which the change in directors is made and, in the case of a change of address, within fifteen (15) days of the Corporation receiving notice from a director of any change in his address.

A director shall send the Corporation a notice of any change in his address within fifteen (15) days after the day on which the change is made.

SECTION 6 - MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

6.01 Calling of Meetings

Meetings of the board may be called by the Chair, the Vice-Chair or any two (2) directors at any time.

6.02 Notice of Meeting

Notice of the time and place for the holding of a meeting of the board shall be given in the manner provided in Section 8.01 of this by-law to every director of the Corporation not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time when the meeting is to be held. Notice of a meeting shall not be necessary if all of the directors are present, and none objects to the holding of the meeting, or if those absent have waived notice of or have otherwise signified their consent to the holding of such meeting. Notice of an adjourned meeting is not required if the time and place of the adjourned meeting is announced at the original meeting. If any matter referred to in subsection 138(2) (Limits on Authority) is to be dealt with at the meeting, notice of the meeting shall specify such matter.

6.03 Quorum

A quorum at any meeting of the directors shall be a majority of the number of directors or minimum number of directors required by the articles.

6.04 Regular Meetings

The board may appoint a day or days in any month or months for regular meetings of the board at a place and hour to be named. A copy of any resolution of the board fixing the place and time

of such regular meetings of the board shall be sent to each director forthwith after being passed, but no other notice shall be required for any such regular meeting except if any matter specified by subsection 138(2) (Limits on Authority) of the Act, is to be transacted at the meeting.

6.05 Written Resolutions

A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors, is as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or committee of directors.

6.06 Participation by Electronic Means

If all the directors of the Corporation consent, a director may participate in a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors by means of a telephonic, an electronic or other communication facility that permits all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting. A director so participating in a meeting is deemed to be present at that meeting.

6.07 Votes to Govern

At all meetings of the board, every question shall be decided by a majority of the votes cast on the question. In case of an equality of votes, the chair of the meeting, in addition to an original vote, shall have a casting vote.

6.08 Committees

The board may from time to time appoint any committee or other advisory body as it deems necessary or appropriate for such purposes and, subject to the Act, with such powers as the board shall see fit. The Chair shall be an *ex officio* member of all committees. Any such committee or advisory body may formulate its own rules of procedure, subject to such regulations or directions as the board may make from time to time. Any committee member or advisory body member may be removed by resolution of the board of directors.

6.09 Minutes of Board and Committee Meetings

Except as provided by the Act and the Regulations, the minutes of meetings of the board and any committee or any advisory body committee shall not be available to the members of the Corporation unless otherwise directed by the board.

SECTION 7 - OFFICERS

7.01 Appointment

The board may designate the offices of the Corporation, appoint officers on an annual or more frequent basis, specify their duties and, subject to the Act, delegate to such officers the power to manage the affairs of the Corporation. A director may be appointed to any office of the Corporation. An officer may be, but need not be, a director or a member. Two or more offices may be held by the same person.

7.02 Description of Offices

Unless otherwise specified by the board (which may, subject to the Act, modify, restrict or supplement such duties and powers), the offices of the Corporation, if designated and if officers are appointed, shall have the following duties and powers associated with their positions:

- (a) Chair The Chair shall be a director. The Chair shall, when present, preside at all meetings of the members and of the board. The Chair shall have such other duties and powers as the board may specify.
- (b) Vice-Chair The Vice-Chair shall be a director. During the absence or inability of the Chair to act, his or her duties may be performed and his or her powers may be exercised by the Vice-Chair, or if there are more than one Vice-Chairs, by the Vice-Chairs in order of seniority (as determined by the board). A Vice-Chair shall also perform such duties and exercise such powers as the Chair may delegate from time to time or the board may prescribe.
- (c) **President** If appointed, the president shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation and shall be responsible for implementing the strategic plans and policies of the Corporation. The president shall, subject to the authority of the board, have general supervision of the affairs of the Corporation.
- (d) Treasurer The treasurer shall keep, or ensure that are kept, full and accurate books of account in which shall be recorded all assets, liabilities, receipts and disbursements of the Corporation. The Treasurer shall disburse or cause to be disbursed the funds of the Corporation as may be directed by proper authority and shall take proper vouchers for such disbursements. The Treasurer shall render to the board at the meetings thereof, or whenever required of him or her, an account of all transactions as Treasurer and of the financial position of the Corporation. The Treasurer shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board from time to time.
- (e) Secretary If appointed, the secretary shall attend and be the secretary of all meetings of the board, members and committees of the board. The secretary shall enter or cause to be entered in the Corporation's minute book, minutes of all proceedings at such meetings; the secretary shall give, or cause to be given, as and when instructed, notices to members, directors, the public accountant and members of committees; the secretary shall be the custodian of all books, papers, records, documents and other instruments belonging to the Corporation.

The powers and duties of all other officers of the Corporation shall be such as the terms of their engagement call for or the board or president requires of them. The board may from time to time and subject to the Act, vary, add to or limit the powers and duties of any officer.

7.03 Vacancy in Office

In the absence of a written agreement to the contrary, the board may remove by resolution, whether for cause or without cause, any officer of the Corporation. Unless so removed, an officer shall hold office until the earlier of:

- (a) the officer's successor being appointed;
- (b) the officer's resignation;
- (c) such officer ceasing to be a director (if a necessary qualification of appointment); or
- (d) such officer's death.

If the office of any officer of the Corporation shall be or become vacant, the directors may, by resolution, appoint a person to fill such vacancy.

7.04 Remuneration of Officers, Agents, Employees and Committee Members

Remuneration for all officers, agents, employees and committee or advisory body members who are not directors shall be as fixed by the board by resolution from time to time.

SECTION 8 - NOTICES

8.01 Method of Giving Notice

Any notice (which term includes any communication or document), other than notice of a meeting of members or a meeting of the board of directors, to be given (which term includes sent, delivered or served) pursuant to the Act, the articles, the by-laws or otherwise to a member, director, officer or member of a committee of the board or to the public accountant shall be sufficiently given:

- (a) if delivered personally to the person to whom it is to be given or if delivered to such person's address as shown in the records of the Corporation or in the case of notice to a director to the latest address as shown in the last notice that was sent by the Corporation to the Director in accordance with this by-law and section 128 (Notice of directors) or 134 (Notice of change of directors) of the Act;
- (b) if mailed to such person at such person's recorded address by prepaid ordinary or air mail;
- (c) if sent to such person by telephonic, electronic or other communication facility at such person's recorded address for that purpose; or
- (d) if provided in the form of an electronic document in accordance with Part 17 of the Act.

A notice so delivered shall be deemed to have been given when it is delivered personally or to the recorded address as aforesaid; a notice so mailed shall be deemed to have been given when deposited in a post office or public letter box; and a notice so sent by any means of transmitted or recorded communication shall be deemed to have been given when dispatched or delivered to the appropriate communication company or agency or its representative for dispatch.

The secretary of the Corporation may change or cause to be changed the recorded address of any member, director, officer, public accountant or member of a committee of the board in accordance with any information believed by the secretary to be reliable. The declaration by the secretary that notice has been given pursuant to this by-law shall be sufficient and conclusive evidence of the giving of such notice.

The signature of any director or officer of the Corporation to any notice or other document to be given by the Corporation may be written, stamped, type-written or printed or partly written, stamped, type-written or printed.

8.02 Waiver of Notice

Except as provided by the Act and the Regulations, any member, director, officer or public accountant may waive any notice required to be given under any provision of a by-law of the Corporation, the articles or the Act, and such waiver, whether given before or after the meeting or other event of which notice is required to be given, shall cure any default in giving such notice.

8.03 Invalidity of any Provisions of this By-law

The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this by-law shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remaining provisions of this by-law.

8.04 Omissions and Errors

The accidental omission to give any notice to any member, director, officer, member of a committee of the board or public accountant, or the non-receipt of any notice by any such person where the Corporation has provided notice in accordance with the by-laws or any error in any notice not affecting its substance shall not invalidate any action taken at any meeting to which the notice pertained or otherwise founded on such notice.

SECTION 9 - EFFECTIVE DATE

9.01 Effective Date

Subject to the articles, the board of directors may, by resolution, make, amend or repeal any bylaws that regulate the activities or affairs of the Corporation. Any such by-law, amendment or repeal shall be effective from the date of the resolution of directors until the next meeting of members where it may be confirmed, rejected or amended by the members by ordinary resolution. If the by-law, amendment or repeal is confirmed or confirmed as amended by the members it remains effective in the form in which it was confirmed. The by-law, amendment or repeal ceases to have effect if it is not submitted to the members at the next meeting of members or if it is rejected by the members at the meeting.

This section does not apply to a by-law that requires a special resolution of the members according to subsection 197(1) (fundamental change) of the Act because such by-law amendments or repeals are only effective when confirmed by members.

CERTIFIED to be By-Law No.1 of the Corporation, as enacted by the directors of the Corporation by resolution on the 20 day of ______, 2014 and confirmed by the members of the Corporation by special resolution on the 20 day of ______, 2014.

Date:

Name:

Title: Dut

October 14, 2019

Name: Dianne